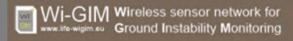


The "RONCOVETRO LANDSLIDE"

"LA LAVINA DI RONCOVETRO"

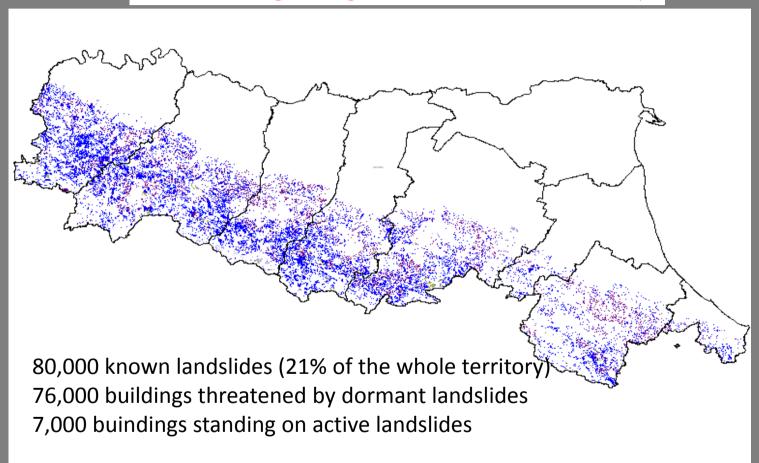
& Co.

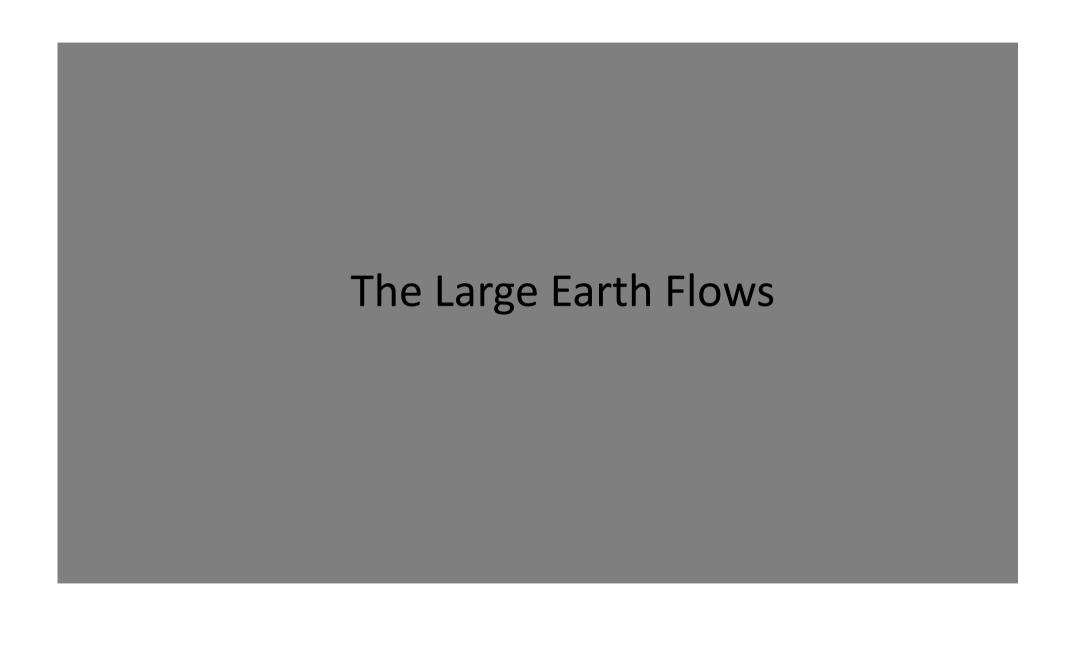
Giovanni Bertolini & Marco Pizziolo

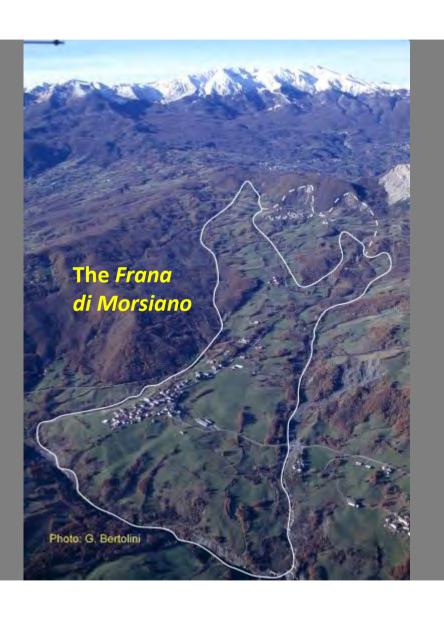




Emilia-Romagna Region - Landslides Inventory

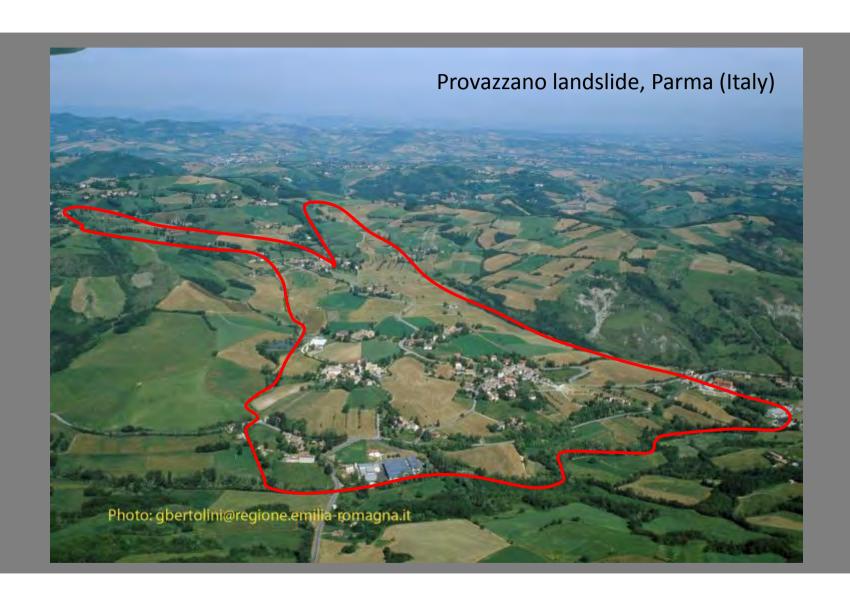






These are the typical features of our earth flows:

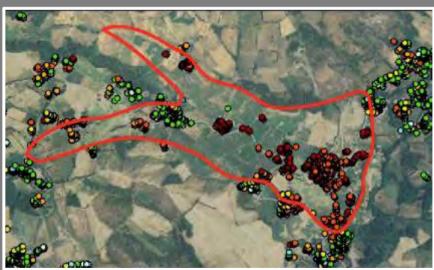
- 1. a thickness ranging from 10 to 50 m.
- 2. medium slope angle from 8° to 11°
- 3. they alternate long-lasting periods of dormancy (tens of years) with short reactivations (months)
- 4.and, as usual, they carry a village on their back



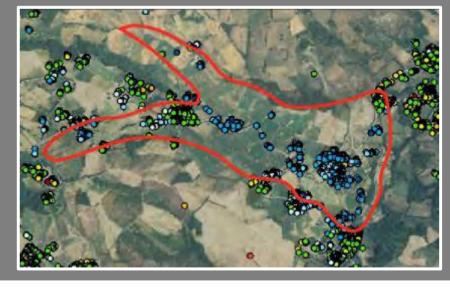


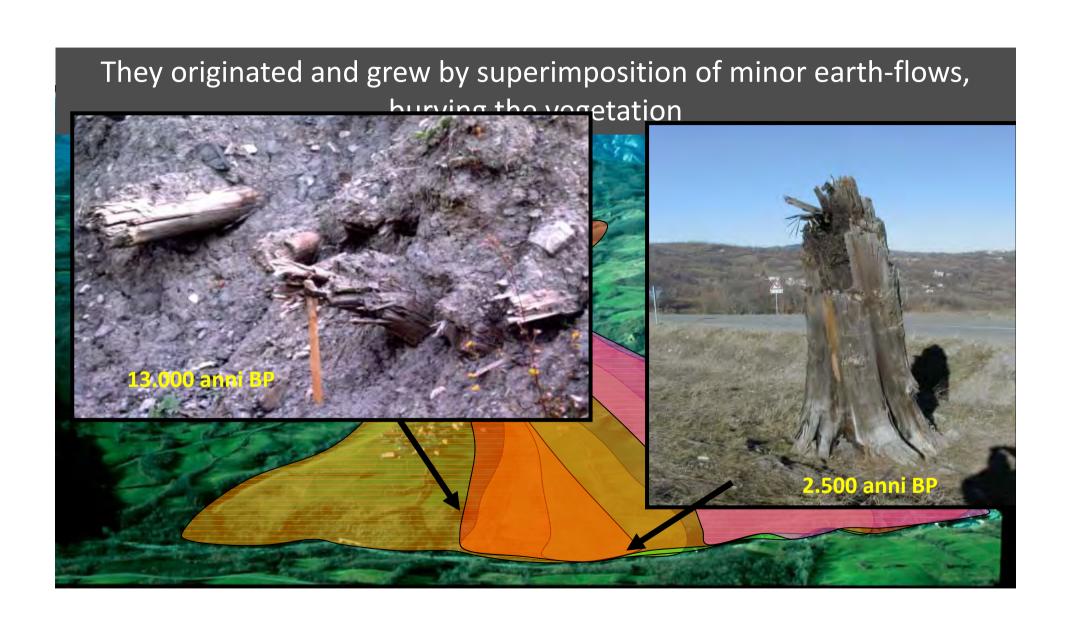
Provazzano landslide, Parma (Italy)

PS InSAR Cosmo Sky Med Ascending



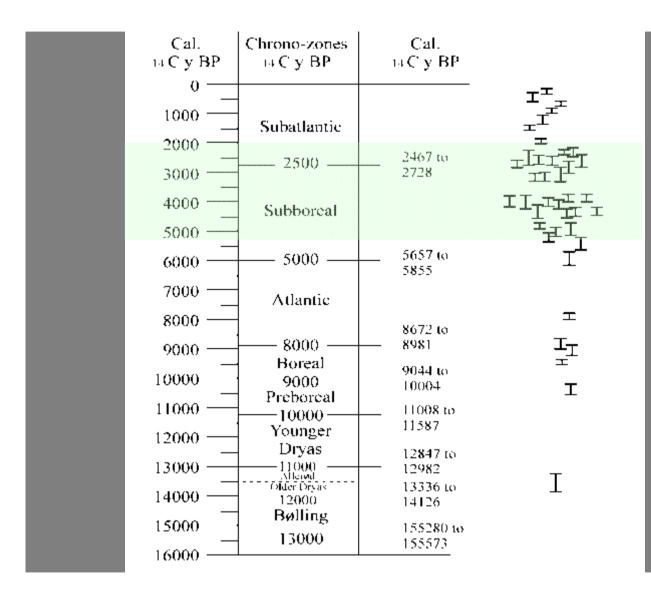
PS InSAR Cosmo Sky Med Descending







A careful observation of cores almost always can find organic remnants.



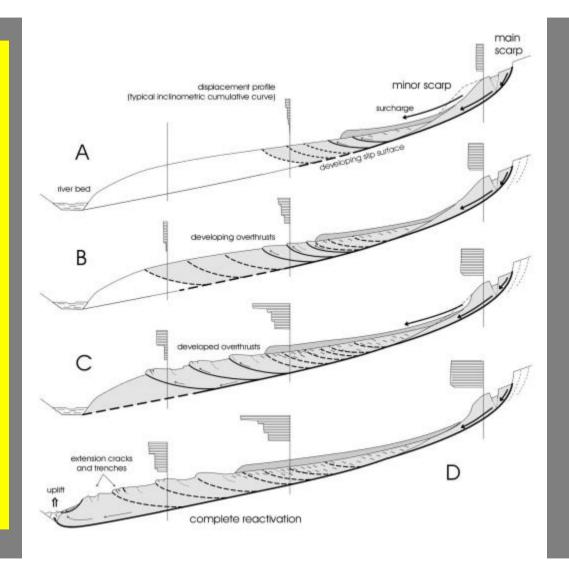
Growth in size and thickness

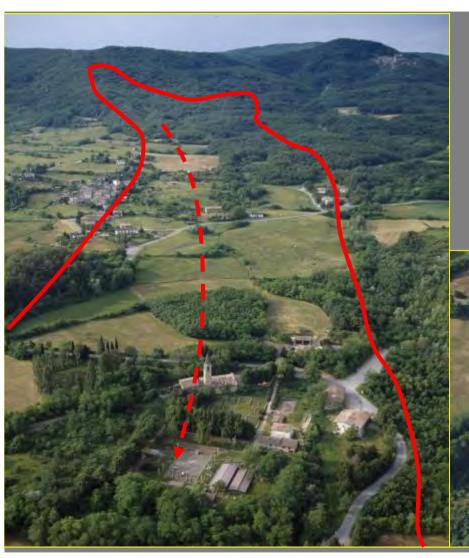
Origin

they still represent the main source of risk, because of their habit of reactivate every 1, 10, 100, 1000 (?) years.

The reactivation often occurs through a recurrent behaviour, from the main scarp (the most instable part of the slope), propagating toward the toe by progressive failure.

Please note: these "earth flows" mainly reactivate by "sliding", not by "flowing".





...on the other hand, they are not always dangerous, as demonstated by the ancient Roman Villa of VELLEIA, that stood 11 centuries "undisturbed" on this large earth flow (inhabited by Romans from I b.C. to IV A.D)



The Frana di Gazzolo

It s an example:
after several months
of studies and
monitoring this
"dormant" landslide
was considered safe,
allowing an
industrial centre to
be built on it.



The role of monitoring

As a consequence of that, in the last 30 years the Emilia-Romagna region has developed a network made up by several hundreds of inclinometers and piezometers, aimed to

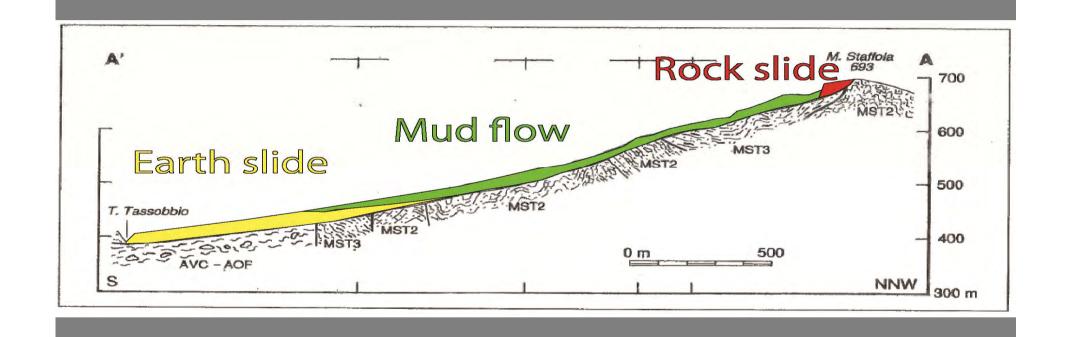
- 1) assess the possibility of their reactivation;
- 2) obtain data for the implementation of active and passive actions (consolidation works, territorial planning)

RER is always interested in every method and technology of monitoring, like the WiGim technology that has been tested on the "Lavina di Roncovetro" that was chosen for its very peculiar behaviour.

The main (and more interesting) feature of the "Lavina di Roncovetro", that makes it different from others, is its perennial state of activity, due to the continuous rising of mineralized (sulfate) groundwaters from the subsoil

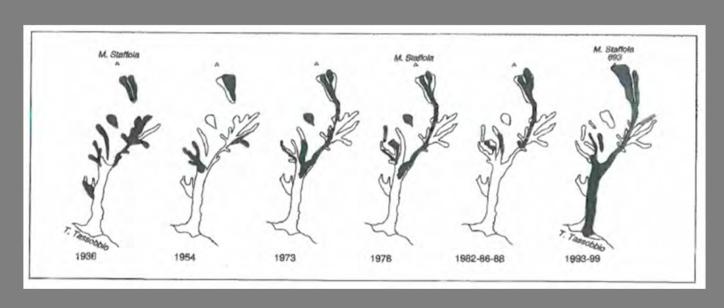












The "Lavina" has doubled its amplitude in the last 80 years



217 metres in 20 years

682 metres in 20 years (2,8 m/month – 9 cm/day)







To end my speech, in synthesis, bacause of its very peculiar behaviour, the Lavina di Roncovetro has shown the be a good test-site for WiGim monitoring.

Tank you for the attention